

**English****Subject: Contemporary Studies in English Language****(20693)**

<b>Item Text</b>	<b>Option Text 1</b>	<b>Option Text 2</b>	<b>Option Text 3</b>	<b>Option Text 4</b>
Up you go chaps.' is an example of _____	Formal style	Frozen style	Causal style	Intimate style
_____ is a group of people who share a set of norms, rules and expectations regarding the use of language.	Speech community	Language club	Sociolinguists	social club
A situation in which two very different varieties of language co-exist in a speech community, each with a distinct range of social functions is _____.	Bilingualism	Register	Style	Diglossia
The variety of language which forms the basis of printed English in newspapers and books, which is used in the mass media and which is taught in schools is _____.	Non-standard English	Official language	Standard English	Lingua franca
_____ can be the result of having two parents who speak different languages.	Sociatal bilingualism	Politicial bilingualism	Group bilingualism	Individual bilingualism
People knowing two distinct languages are known as _____	bilingual	bidialectal	dialectal	multilingual
I love to have the <i>baingan</i> that my mother cooks.' is an example of _____	code-mixing	code-switching	pidgin	creole
'Could you sit down?' is an example of _____	Direct Speect Act	Indirect Speech Act	Face-saving act	Face-threatening act
_____ is a grammatical unit which contains a logical statement or propostion.	Sentence	Utterance	Entailment	Presuppostion
Reversives' are type of _____	synonyms	homonyms	antonyms	homophones
The synonyms 'kids-children' belong to different _____	styles / registers	collocations	dialects	attitudes
'I hereby declare you Mayor of Pune.' is an example of _____	performative	constative	presupposition	entailment
_____ is the previously known meaning which is implied in the sentence.	Presupposition	Entailment	Implicature	Performative
_____ are those kinds of speech acts that speakers use to get someone else to do something.	Declarations	Representatives	Expressives	Directives
Transition Relevance Place or TRP is a term associated with _____	presupposition	entailment	turn taking	Implicature

_____ is the study of the relationships between linguistic forms, how they are arranged in sequence, and which sequences are well-formed.	Semantics	Pragmatics	Syntax	Semiotics
_____ phrases do not function as postmodifiers in a noun phrase.	noun phrase	prepositional phrase	adjective phrase	genitive phrase
An multilingual person is at times referred to as _____	polyglot	polylingual	polymer	multiglot
'White house' is the metonym for _____	England	the president of United States	America	Shelter
The NP/PP/AdjP which tell us more about the subject is called _____.	subject complement	object complement	noun clause	adjective clause